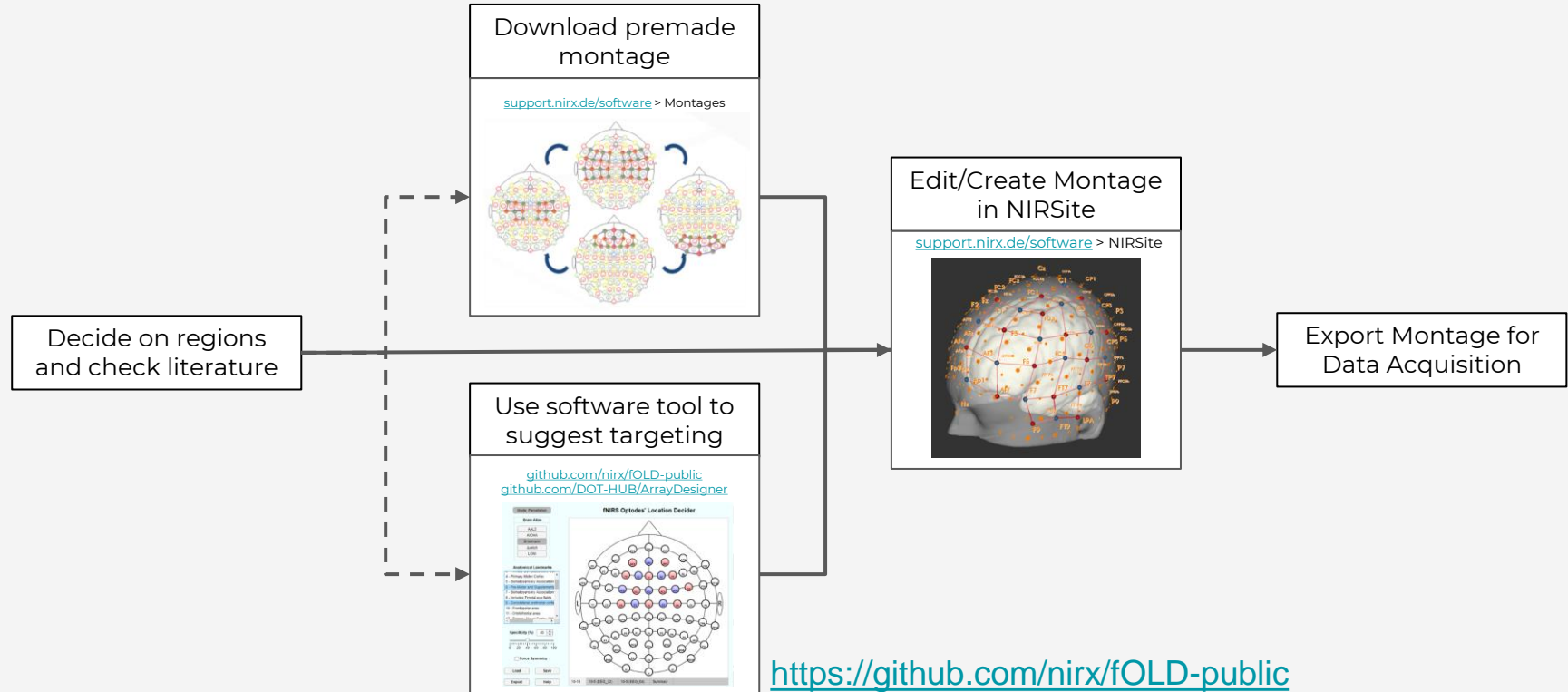




Hands-on Part I: create your montage and build your cap

Dalila Burin, Franziska Keller
Scientific Consultants – NIRx

Montage Design Flow



NIRx



Montage design

NIRx

3D 2D

Montages

- support.nirx.de/software > Montages

Guides

- [NIRx NIRSCap User Guide](#)
- **[NIRx Montage Design for fNIRS Experiments](#)

Videos

- [NIRSite Refresher Course](#)
- [fNIRS Montage Design using fOLD toolbox](#)

Automated fNIRS Montage Design Tools

- github.com/nirx/fOLD-public
- github.com/DOT-HUB/ArrayDesigner

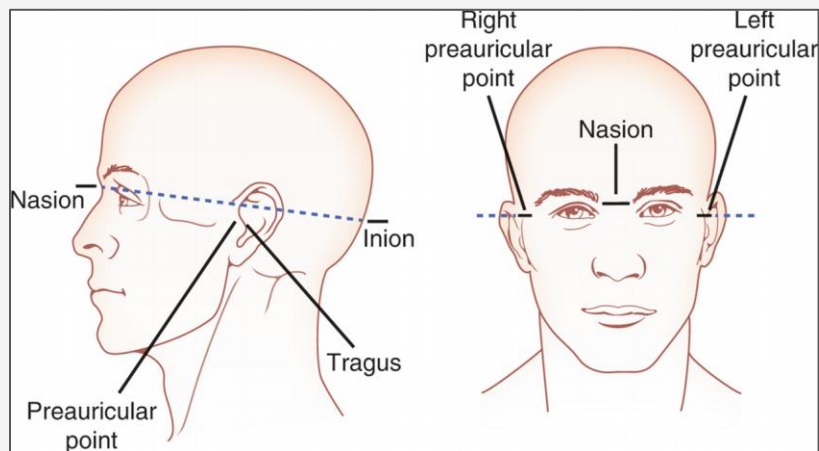
Manual fNIRS Design Software

- support.nirx.de/software > NIRSite
 - [NIRSite User Manual](#)

Other Tools

- [Montage powerpoint template](#)

Sizing the Cap



Cap Size/Head Circumference (cm)	Men	Women	Children/Teens	Toddler	Infants	Slit #
20					Pre-term week 22	32 slits
22					Pre-term week 24	32 slits
24					Pre-term week 26	32 slits
26					Pre-term week 28	32 slits
28					Pre-term week 30	32 slits
30					Pre-term week 32	32 slits
32					Pre-term week 34	32 slits
34					Pre-term week 37	32 slits
36					Newborn	32 slits
38					1-month	32 slits
40					3-months	32 slits
42					5-months	64 slits
44					7-months	64 slits
46					1 year	64 slits
48					2 years	64 slits
50					3-4 years	128 slits
52			5-10 years			128 slits
54		Small Female	11-14 years			128 slits
56	Small Male	Medium Female	15-17 years			128 slits
58	Medium Male	Large Female				128 slits
60	Large Male	Extra Large Female				128 slits
62	Extra Large Male					128 slits

Populating the Cap

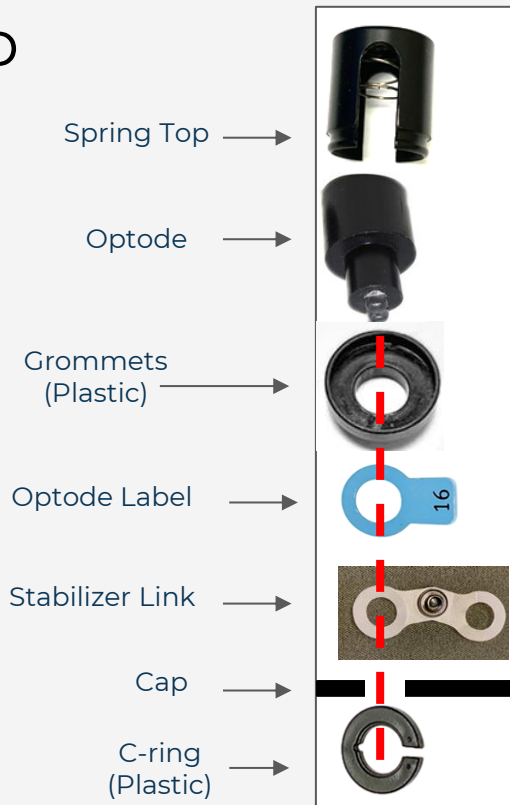
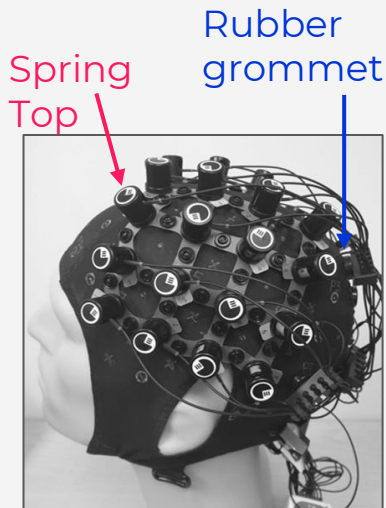
NIRx



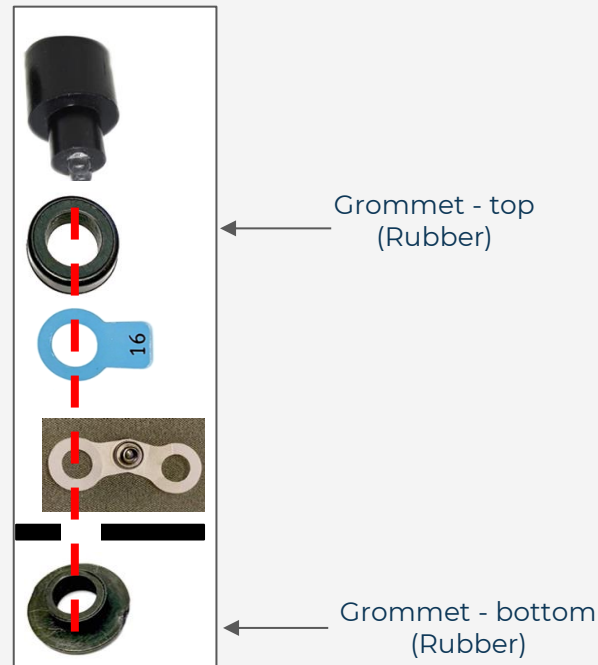
Optode Installation

NIRx

Spring Top (Pressure Fit)

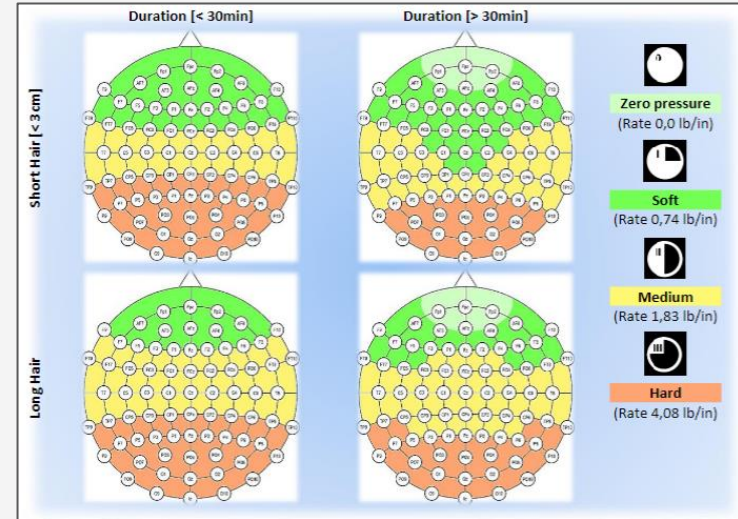


AC/Standard (Friction Fit)



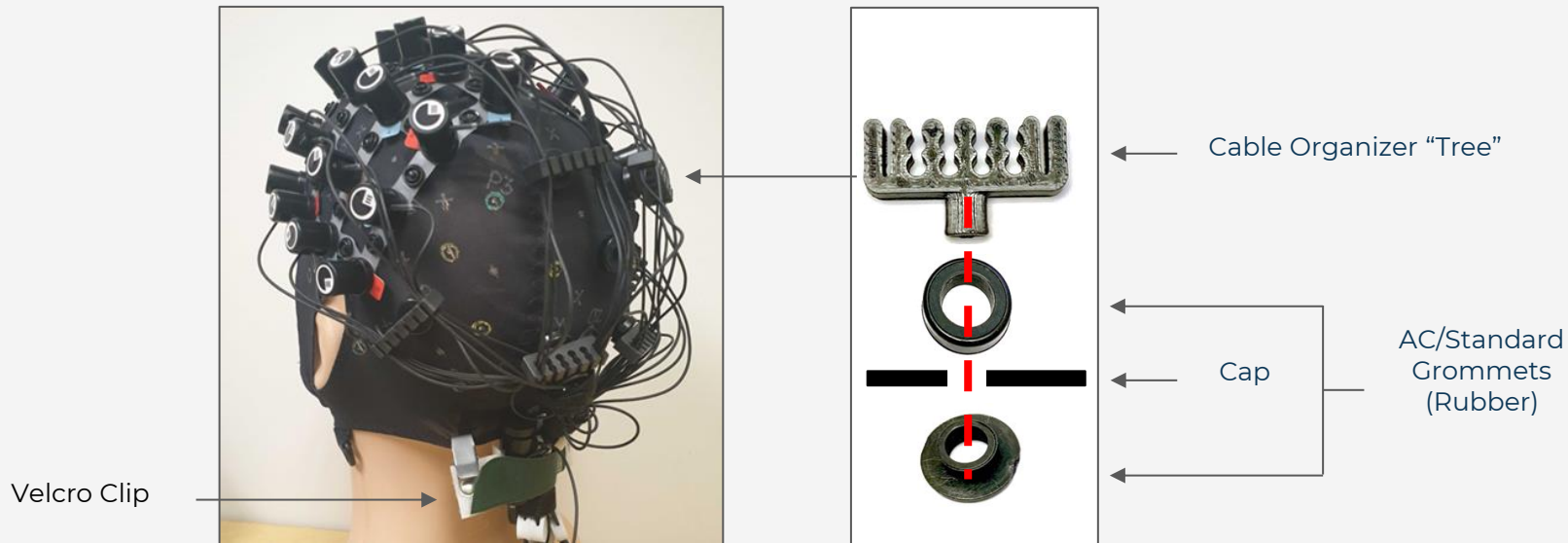
Spring Top Pressure Levels

NIRx



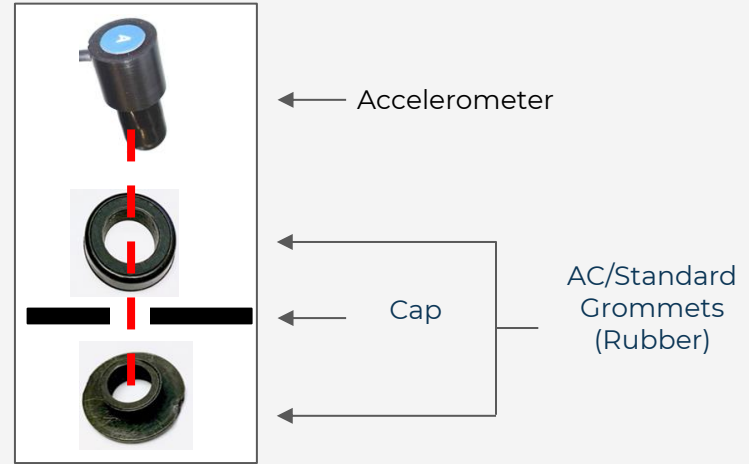
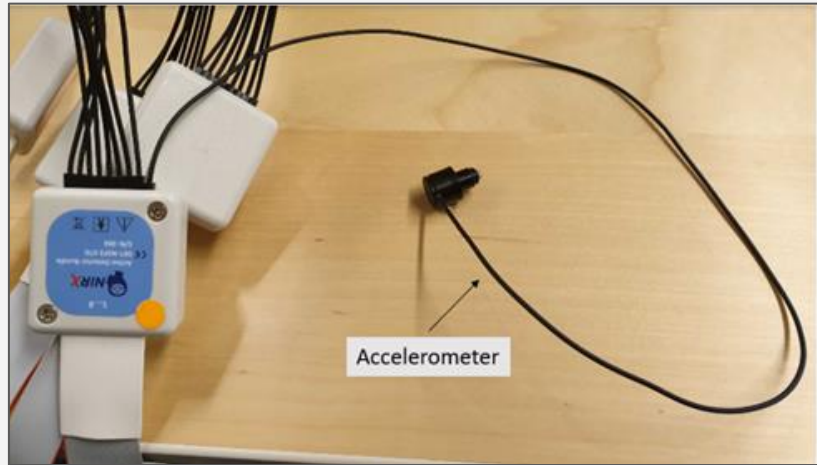
Cable Management

NIRx



Accelerometer

NIRx

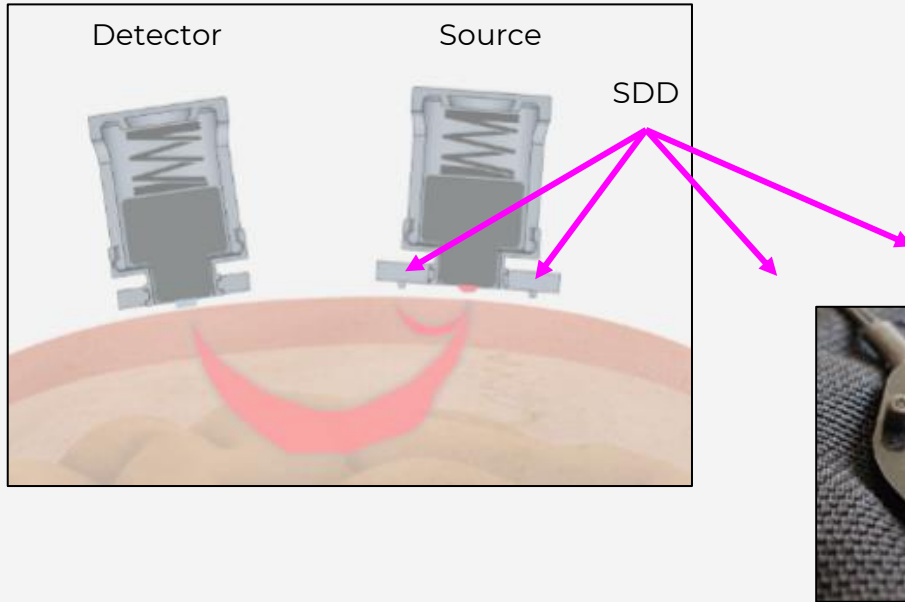


Cable relief is also important for Accelerometers to avoid damage!

Short Channels

NIRx

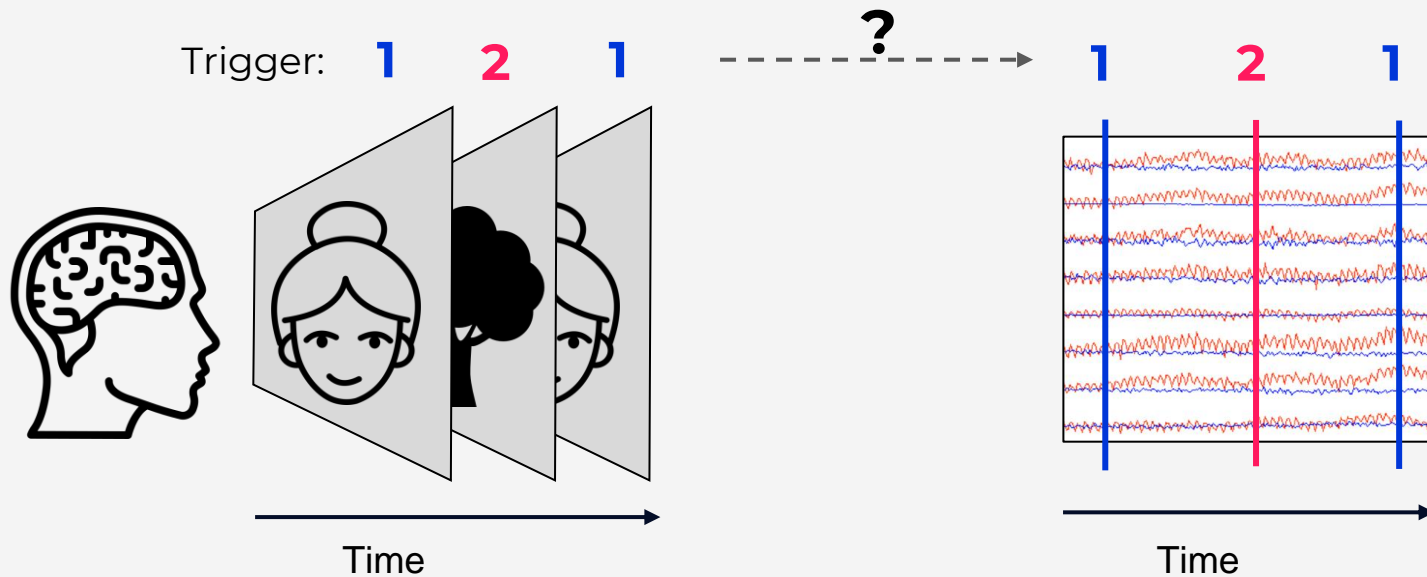
Connecting the clips



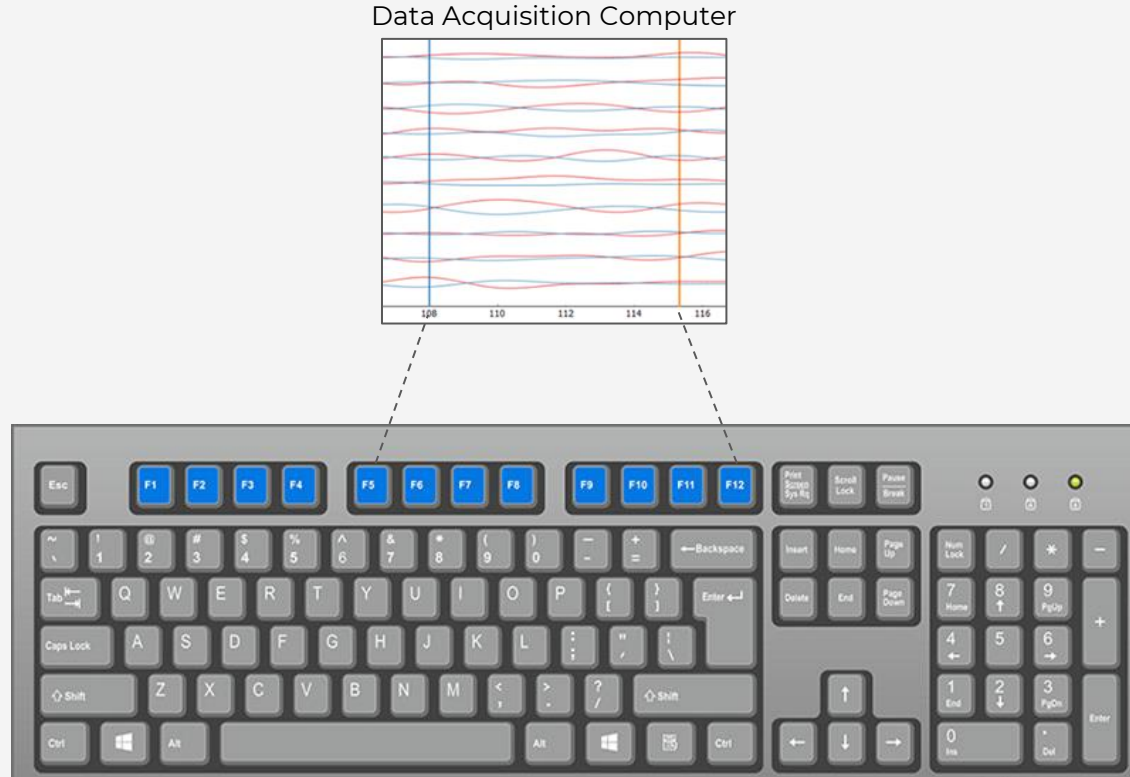
Connecting bundle to highest numbered detector



What is a Trigger?



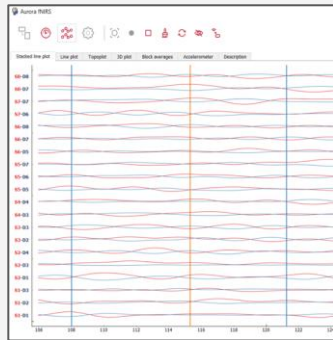
Manual Triggers (F1...F12)



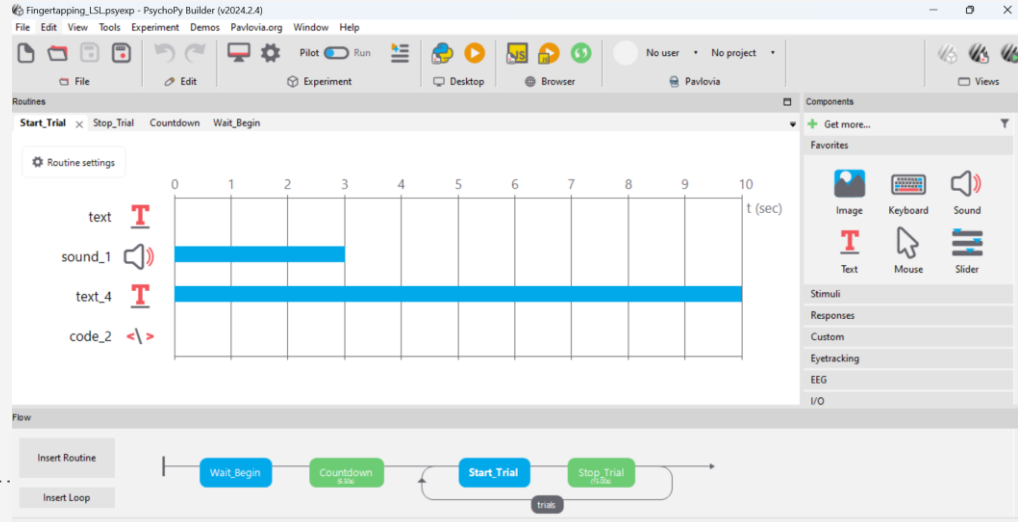
Wireless Triggering with LSL

NIRx

Data Acquisition Computer



Access Point



code Properties

Name: code Code type: Py Disabled

```
Before experiment Begin experiment * Begin Routine Each frame End Routine End experiment
1 from pylsl import StreamInfo, StreamOutlet # import required classes
2 info = StreamInfo(name='Trigger', type='Markers', channel_count=1, channel_format='int32', source_id='Example') # se
3 outlet = StreamOutlet(info) # initialize stream.
```

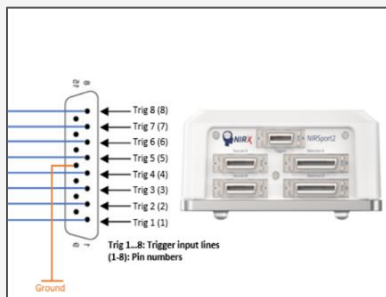
code_2 Properties

Name: code_2 Code type: Py Disabled

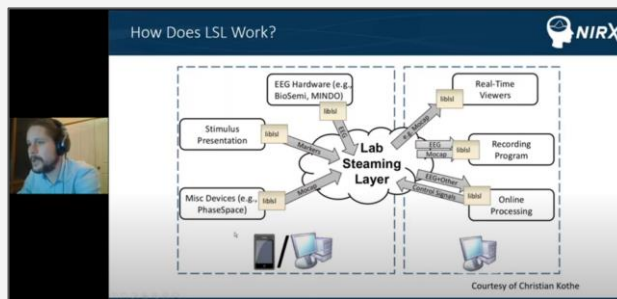
Before experiment Begin experiment Begin Routine * Each frame End Routine End experiment

```
1 outlet.push_sample(x=[marker])
```

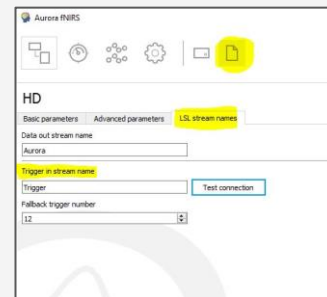
[NIRx Trigger Guide](#)



[Intro to LSL NIRx Webinar](#)



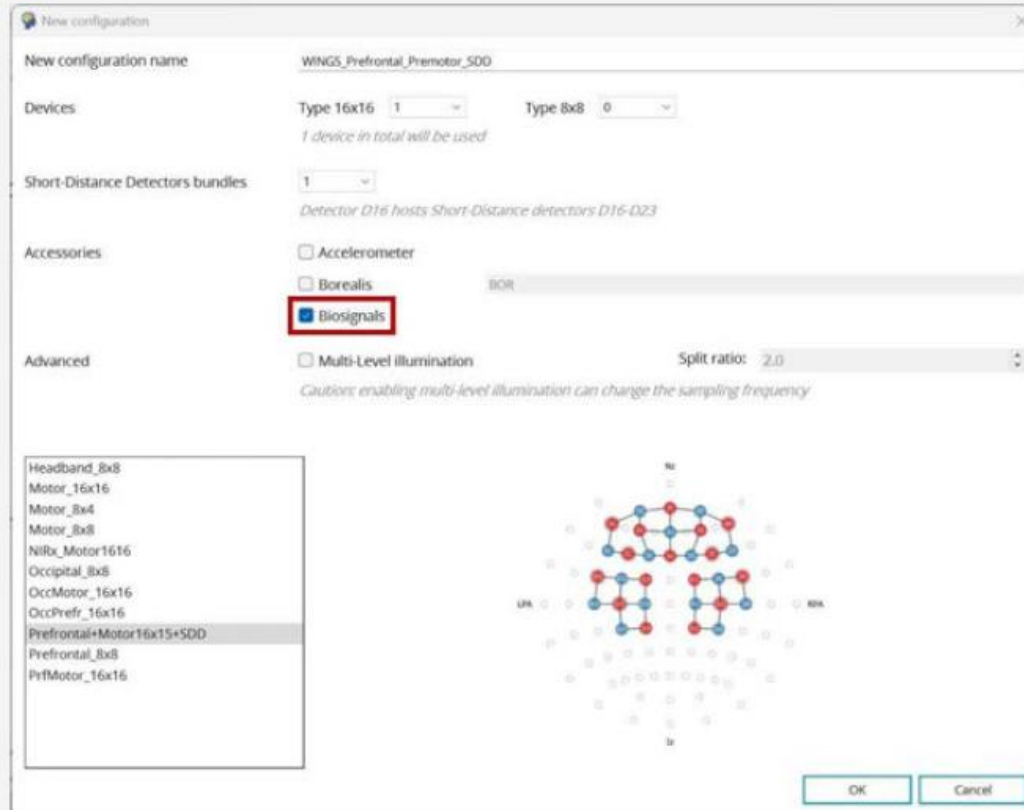
[Common LSL Triggering Issues](#)





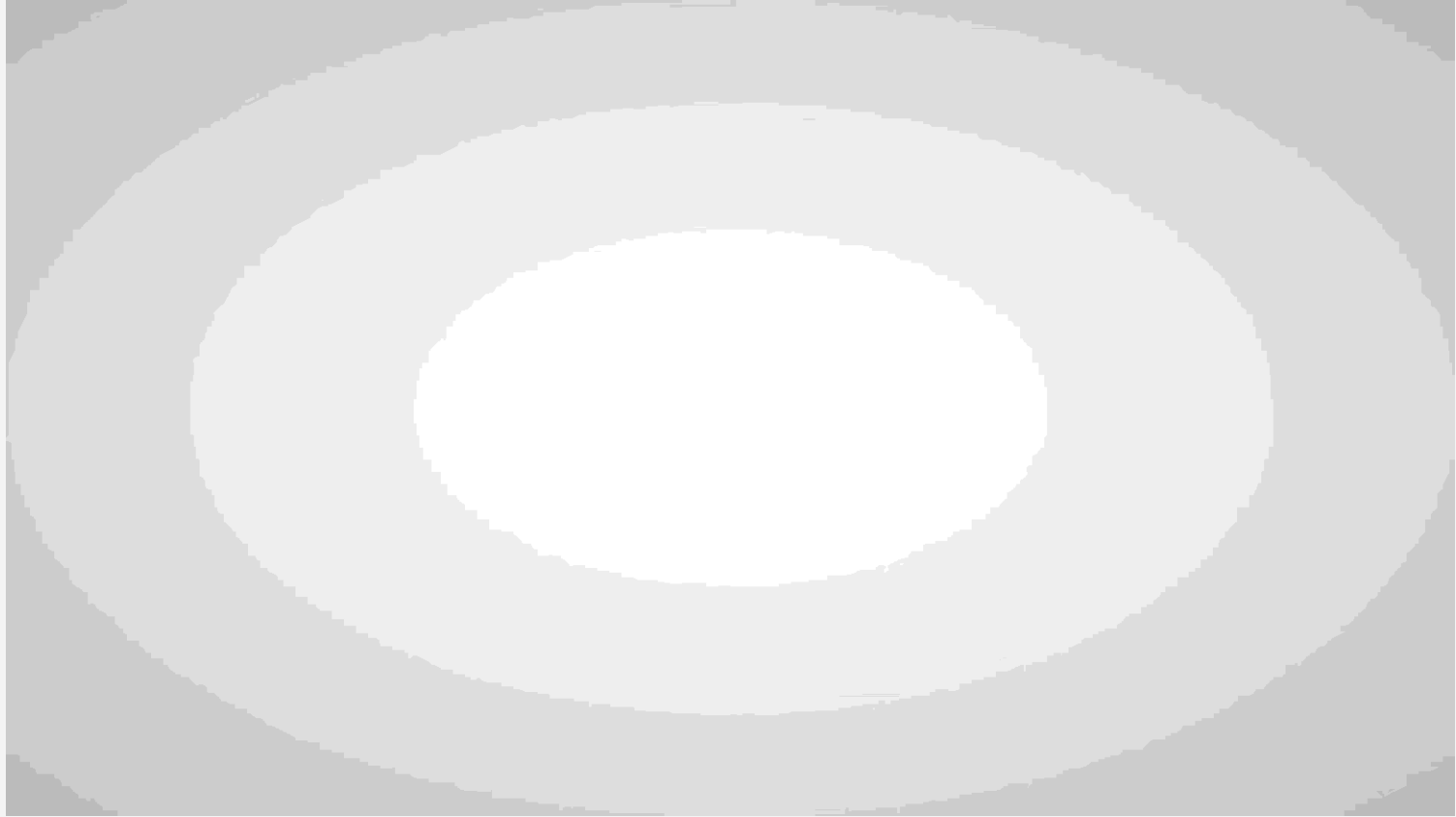
1. Respiration belt with breakout box affixed to belt via hook-and-loop fastener.
2. ExG positive/negative leads (not visible) with distant ground (2a), configured for effector EMG.
3. EDA sensors, here affixed to the palmar surface of the intermediate phalanx of the index and ring fingers with medical tape.
4. Temperature probe (not visible), here affixed to the dorsal surface of the middle finger with the finger strap.
5. PPG clip, here clipped to the participant's ear.
6. NIRxWINGS2 main unit in its pouch with hip belt.
7. Example cable management with surgical tape.

Physiological measures



Populate the cap!

NIRx

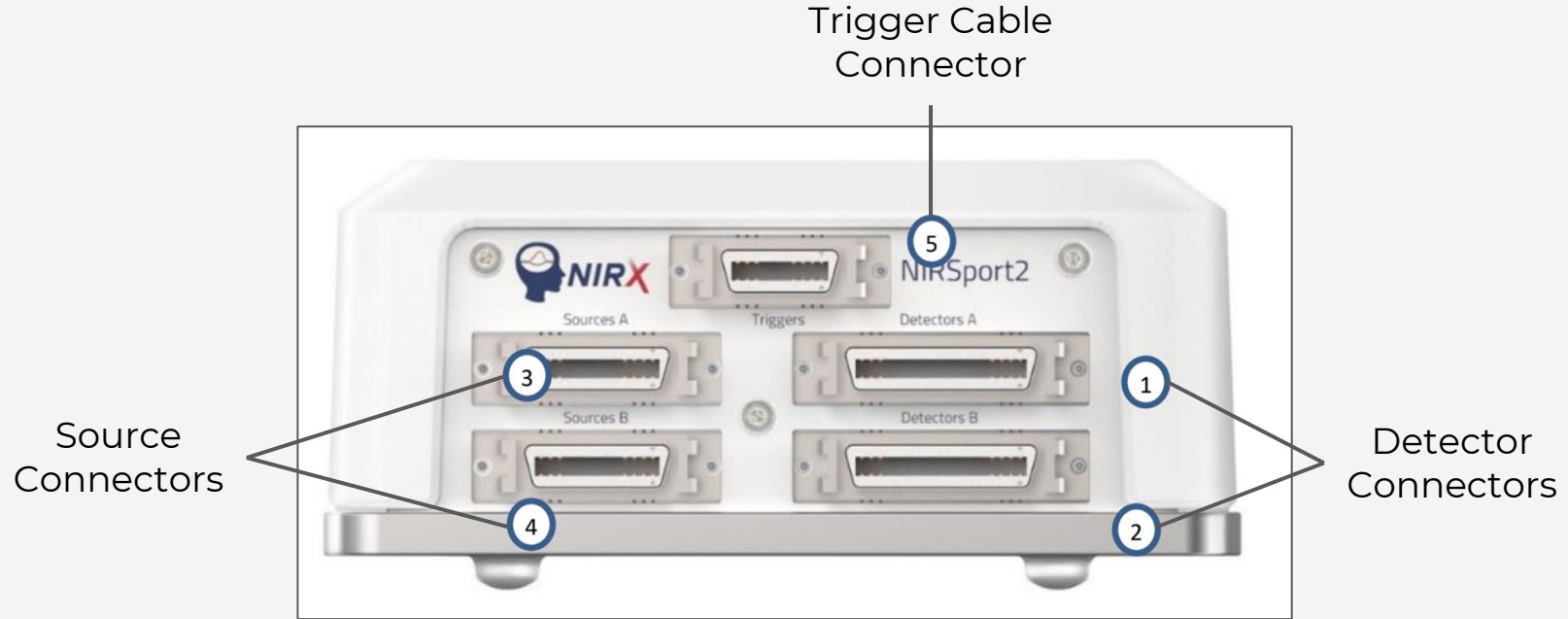


Hands-on Part II: record hyperscanning data

Dalila Burin, Franziska Keller
Scientific Consultants – NIRx

NIRSport 2 Front Panel

NIRx

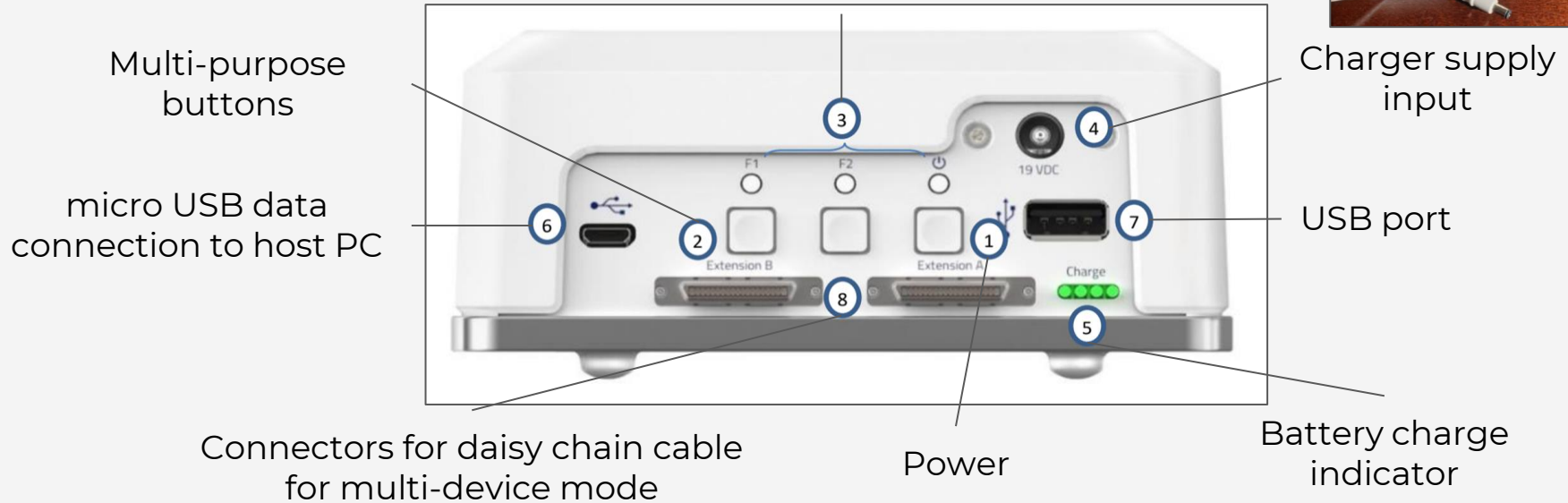


NIRSport 2 Back Panel

NIRx

F1	F2		System Status
●	●	●	System starting up
●	●	●	System CPU booting
●	●	●	System idle
●	●	●	System running (data acquisition)
●	●	●	Error

Status LEDs



Hardwire Connection

Data Acquisition PC
(Aurora Software)

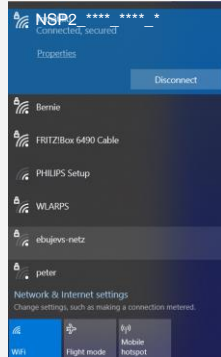


Connecting to the NIRSport 2

NIRx

Wireless Connection

Data Acquisition PC
(Aurora Software)



NIRSport2
WiFi

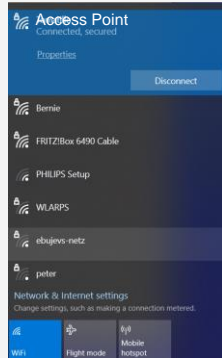


Connecting to the NIRSport 2

NIRx

Wireless Connection (Hyperscanning)

Data Acquisition PC
(Hyperscanning app
and Aurora Software)



Access
Point WiFi



Recommended Model:
TP-Link [TL-WR902AC](#)

NIRSport2
WiFi

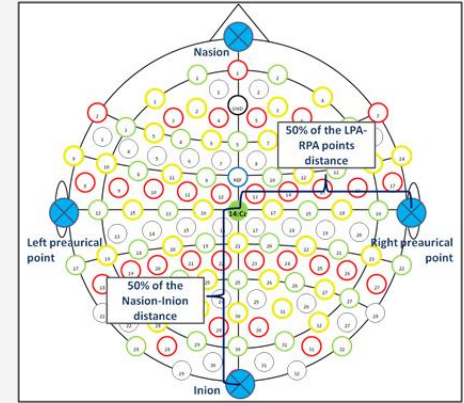
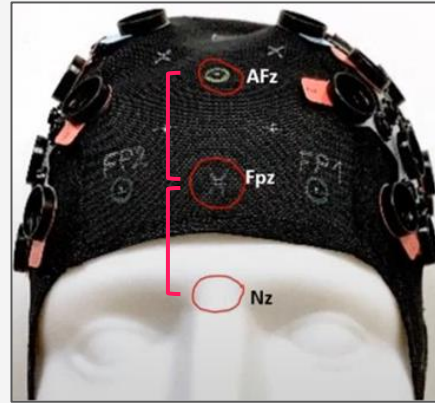
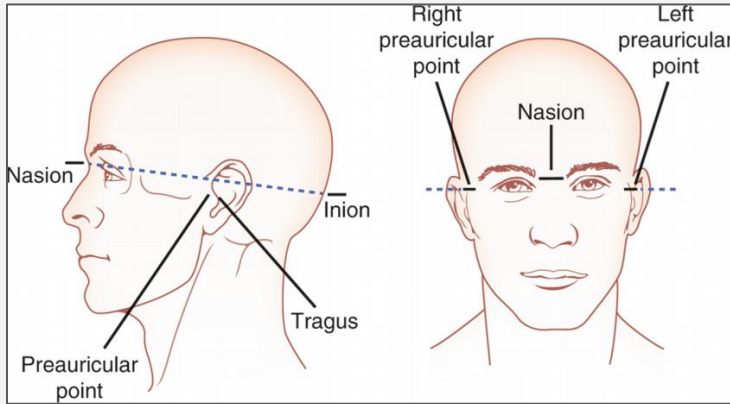
NIRSport2
WiFi



Installing the Cap

Fpz should be
equidistant to AFz, Nz

Cz should be
equidistant to Nz, Iz



Opaque Shower Cap

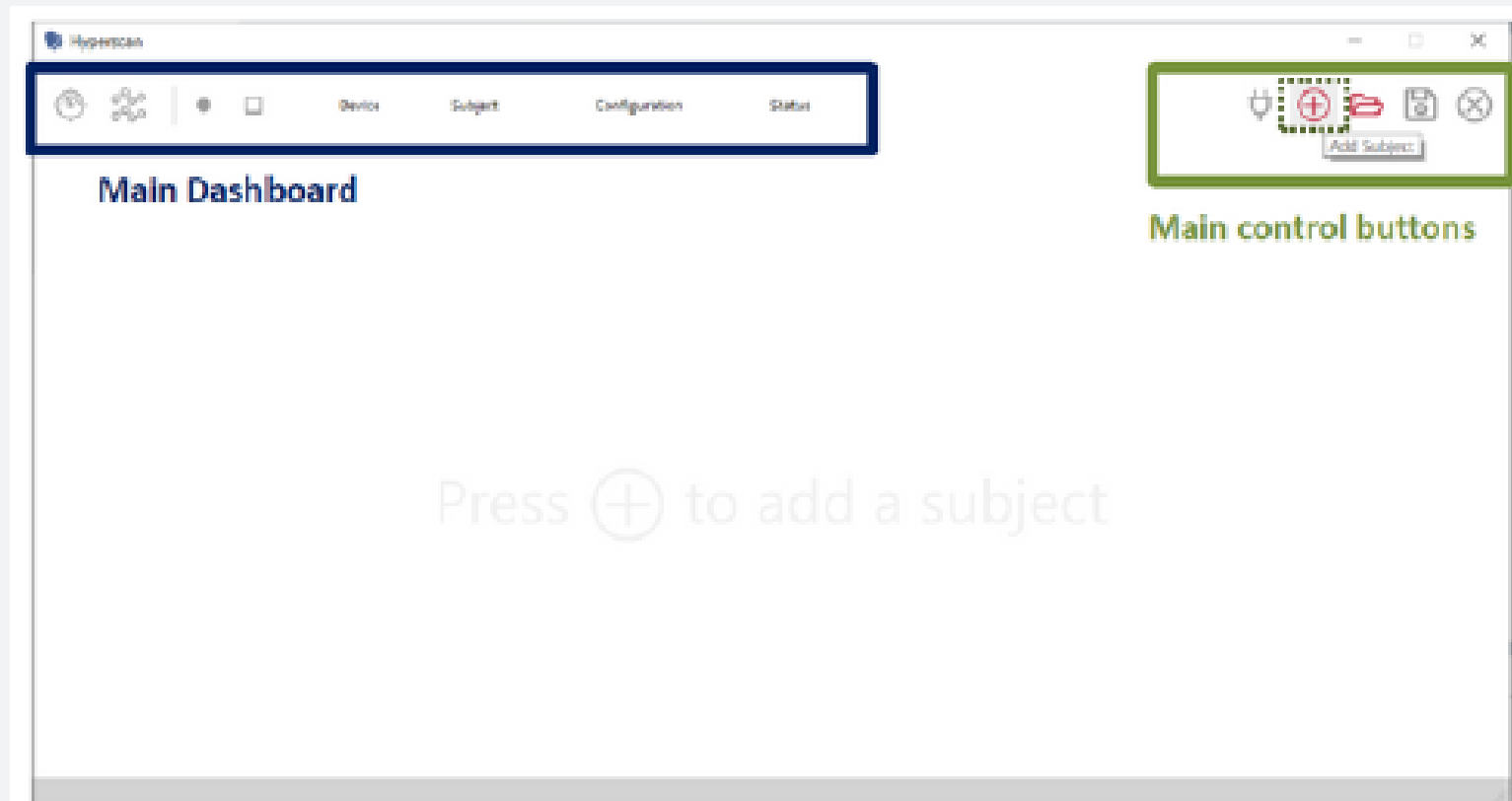


See **dark noise** discussion during signal optimization.

* optional

Hyperscanning app

NIRx



Hyperscanning app

NIRx

Add Subject [X]

Subject
Ozan

Age Gender Contact information
[v] [v] []

Device ID
1837_0016_A [v] [refresh]

Configuration
AudioVisual_16x16 [v]

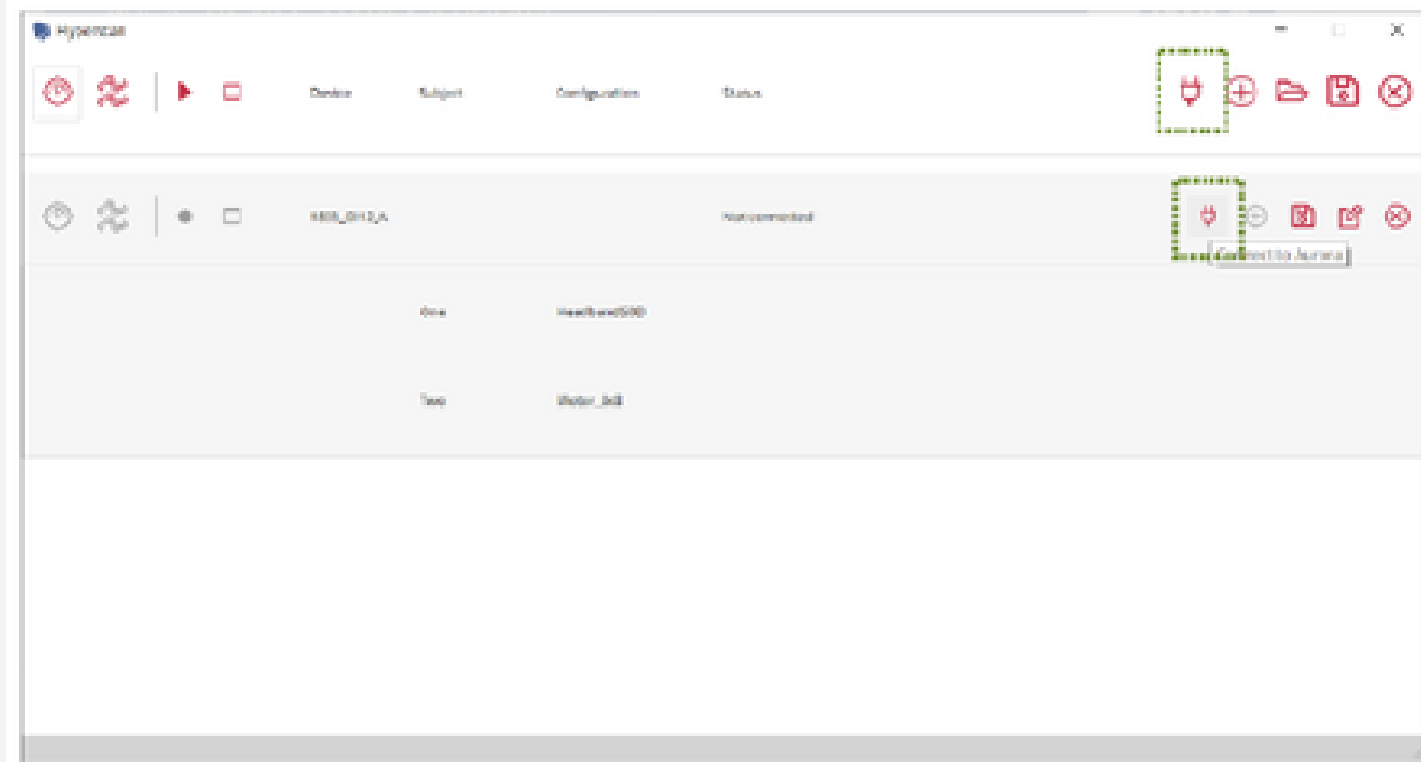
[OK] [Cancel]

Hyperscan

</

Hyperscanning app

NIRx



Hyperscanning app

NIRx

Signal Optimization



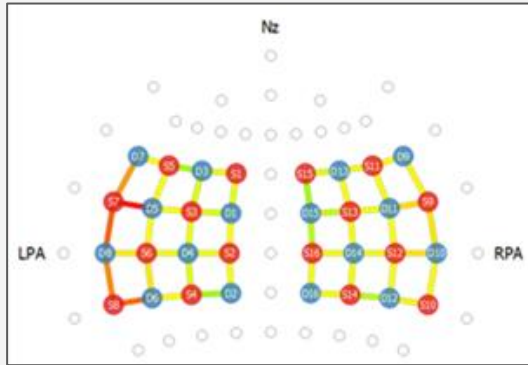
Record data



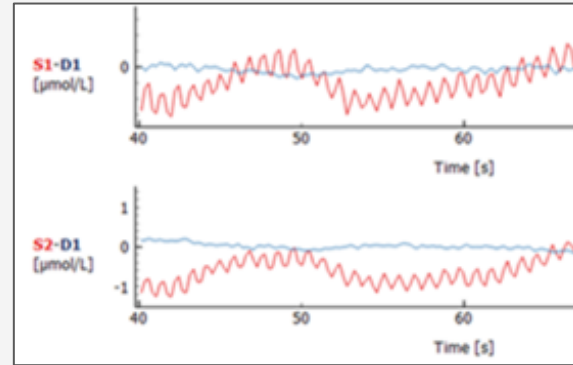
Stop recording



Optimization



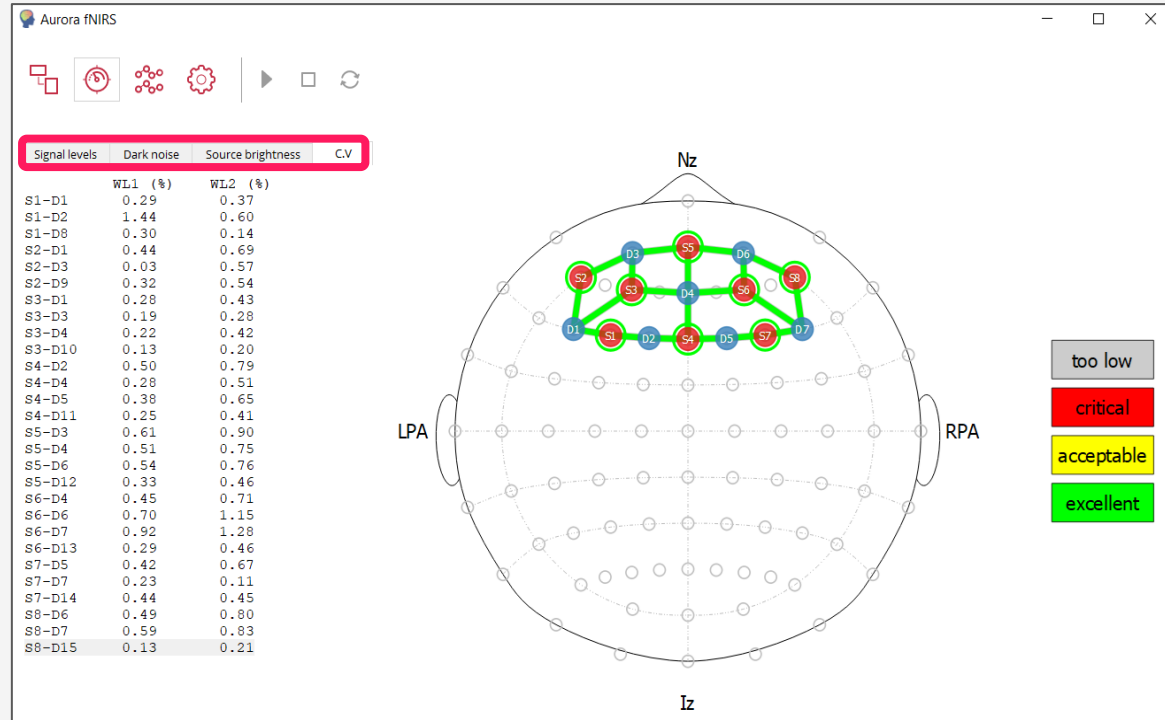
Recording



Installer, Documentation: <https://support.nirx.de/aurora/>

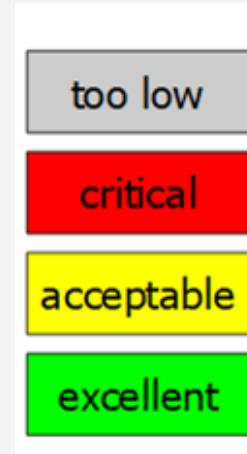
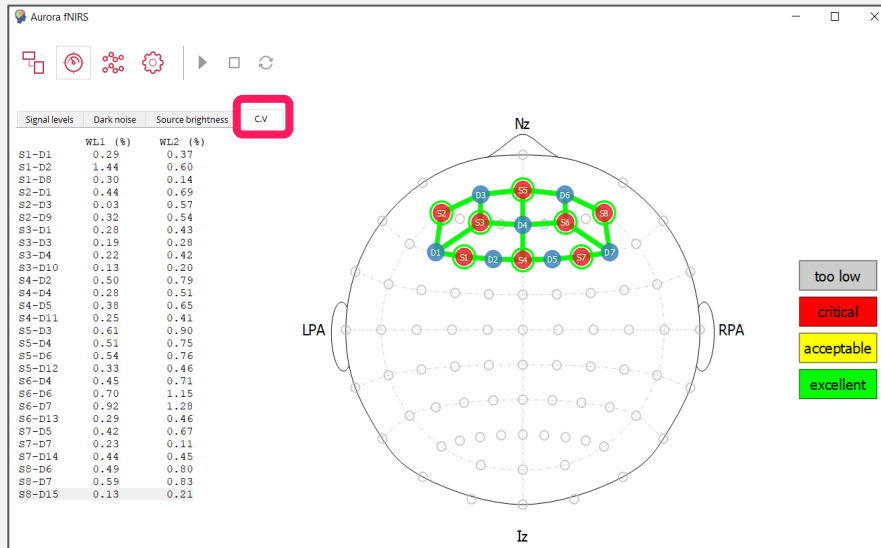
Quantitatively Assessing Signal Quality

- Coefficient of Variation (CV)
- Signal Levels
- Dark Noise
- (Source Brightness)



Coefficient of Variation (CV)

$CV = \text{standard deviation} / \text{mean}$



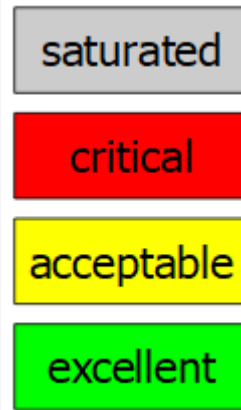
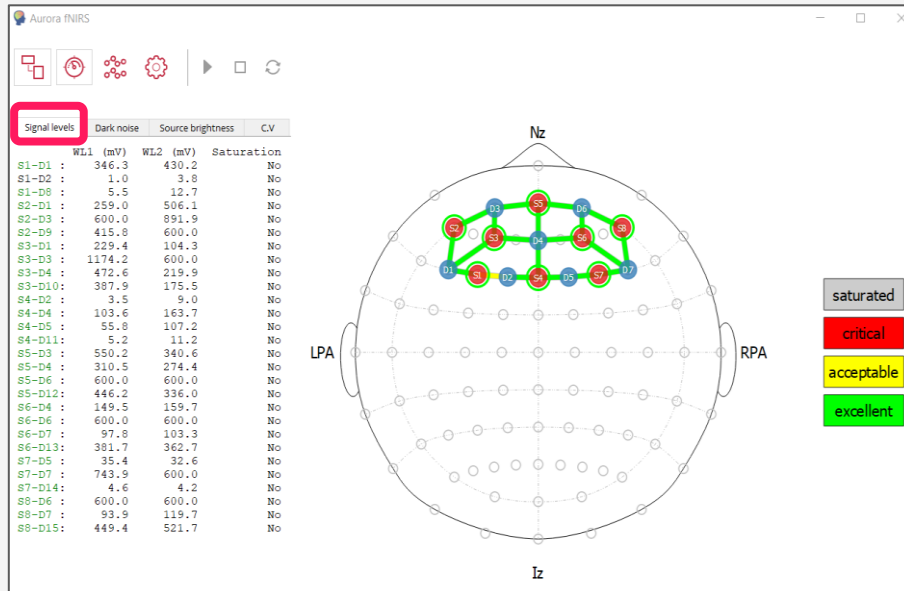
> 7.5

> 2.5 and < 7.5

< 2.5

Unit = %

Detected intensity with Sources ON



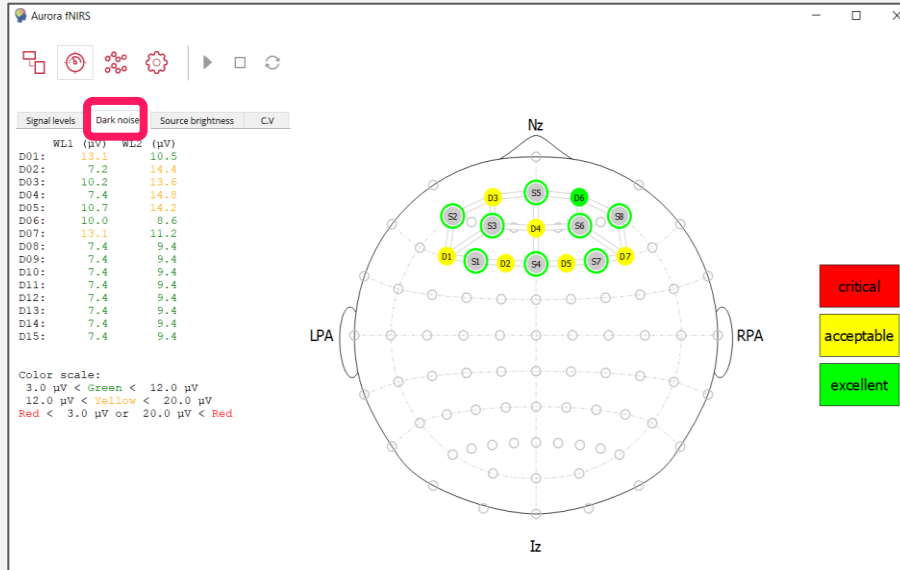
< 0.5

> 0.5 and < 3

> 3

Unit = mV

Detected intensity with Sources OFF



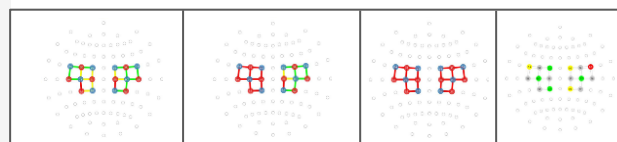
< 3.0 or > 20.0

> 12.0 and < 20.0

> 3.0 and < 12.0

Unit = μV

Troubleshooting Rank Chart



Source of Error		Ref.	Signal Optimization Results			
			A. A few red or lost channels across montage	B. Red or lost in channels formed by optodes in the same bundle	C. Red or lost in all channels	D. Critical dark noise values
NIRScap	Hair prevents good optical contact	4.a	1	4	7	1
	NIRScap setup sub-optimal	4.b	2	5	7	2
	Probes incorrectly placed according to montage	4.d	3	6	7	
	Interoptode distance too long	4.c	4	8	7	
	Environmental light interference	4.f	5	8	7	4
	Skull Thickness	4.e	6	7	7	
Optodes	Optode bundle(s) not fully secured to system	5.a		2	3	
	Optode bundles plugged in device in wrong order	5.b		1	4	
	Optode(s) broken	5.c	7	3	6	5
Device	Device not turned on*	6.a			2	
	Hardware specification improperly declared*	6.b			1	
	Detector type not declared properly	6.c				3
	USB connection	6.d			4	

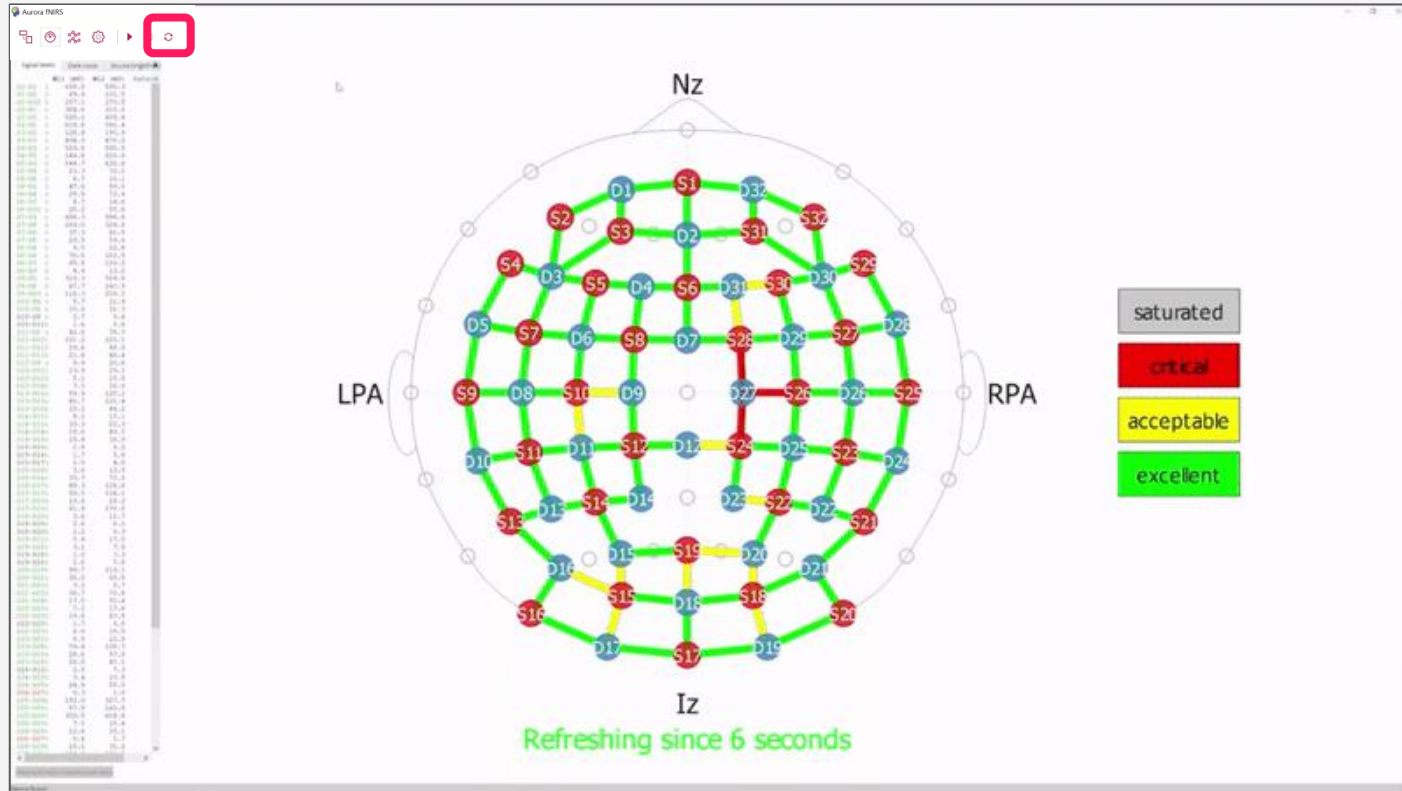
NIRx Signal Quality Guide

Assessment & Troubleshooting

[Click here](#)

'Refresh' while troubleshooting

NIRx



Hair prevents good optical contact

Source of Error	
*NIRScout Only	
NIRScap	Hair prevents good optical contact
	NIRScap setup sub-optimal
	Probes incorrectly placed according to montage
	Interoptode distance too long
	Environmental light interference
Optodes	Skull Thickness
	Optode bundle(s) not fully secured to system
	Optode bundles plugged in device in wrong order
	Optode(s) broken
Device	Device not turned on*
	Hardware specification improperly declared*
	Detector type not declared properly
	USB connection

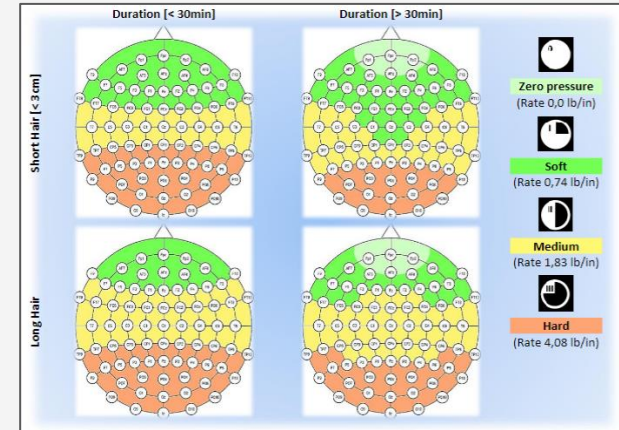
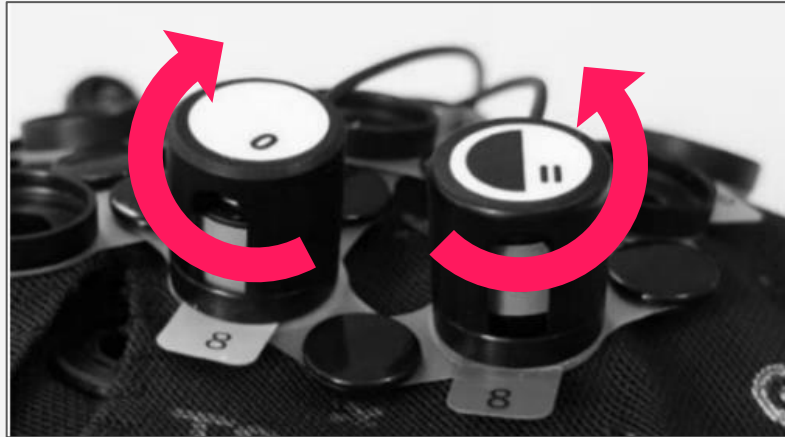
Gently move head relative to cap so that the optodes comb through



Hair prevents good optical contact

Source of Error	
*NIRScout Only	
NIRScap	Hair prevents good optical contact
	NIRScap setup sub-optimal
	Probes incorrectly placed according to montage
	Interoptode distance too long
	Environmental light interference
Optodes	Skull Thickness
	Optode bundle(s) not fully secured to system
	Optode bundles plugged in device in wrong order
Device	Optode(s) broken
	Device not turned on*
	Hardware specification improperly declared*
	Detector type not declared properly
USB connection	

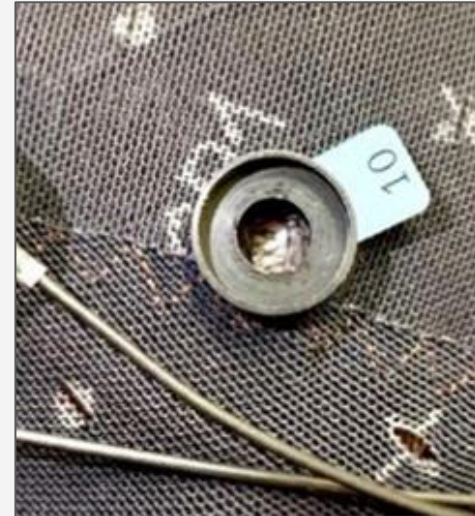
Half-Turn Spring Tops on Dual-Tip Optodes



Hair prevents good optical contact

Move hair away from underneath grommet

Source of Error	
*NIRScout Only	
NIRScap	Hair prevents good optical contact
	NIRScap setup sub-optimal
	Probes incorrectly placed according to montage
	Interoptode distance too long
	Environmental light interference
Optodes	Skull Thickness
	Optode bundle(s) not fully secured to system
	Optode bundles plugged in device in wrong order
	Optode(s) broken
Device	Device not turned on*
	Hardware specification improperly declared*
	Detector type not declared properly
	USB connection



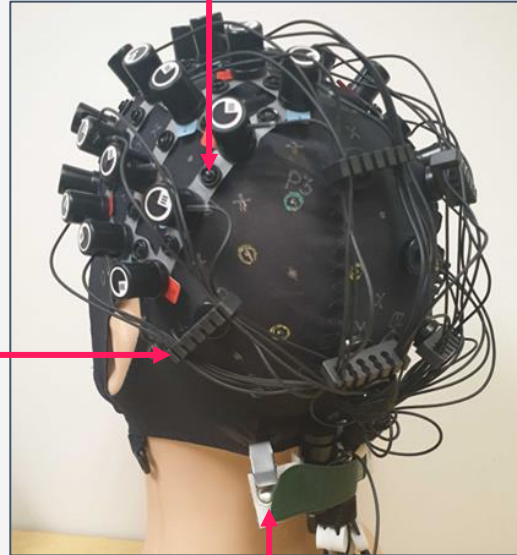
Cap setup sub-optimal

Source of Error	
*NIRScout Only	
NIRScap	Hair prevents good optical contact
	NIRScap setup sub-optimal
	Probes incorrectly placed according to montage
	Interoptode distance too long
	Environmental light interference
Optodes	Skull Thickness
	Optode bundle(s) not fully secured to system
	Optode bundles plugged in device in wrong order
Device	Optode(s) broken
	Device not turned on*
	Hardware specification improperly declared*
	Detector type not declared properly
USB connection	

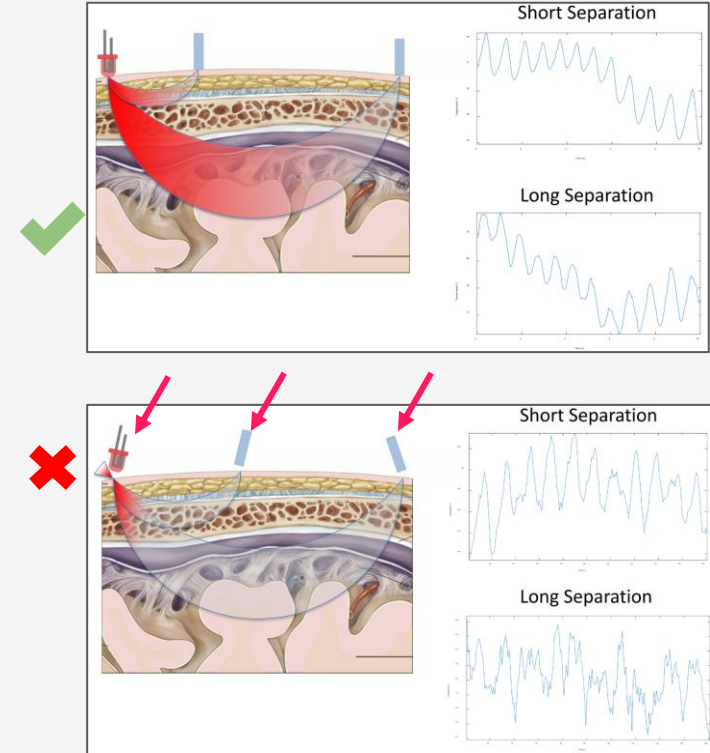
Cap Size

Optode Stabilizers

Cable Trees

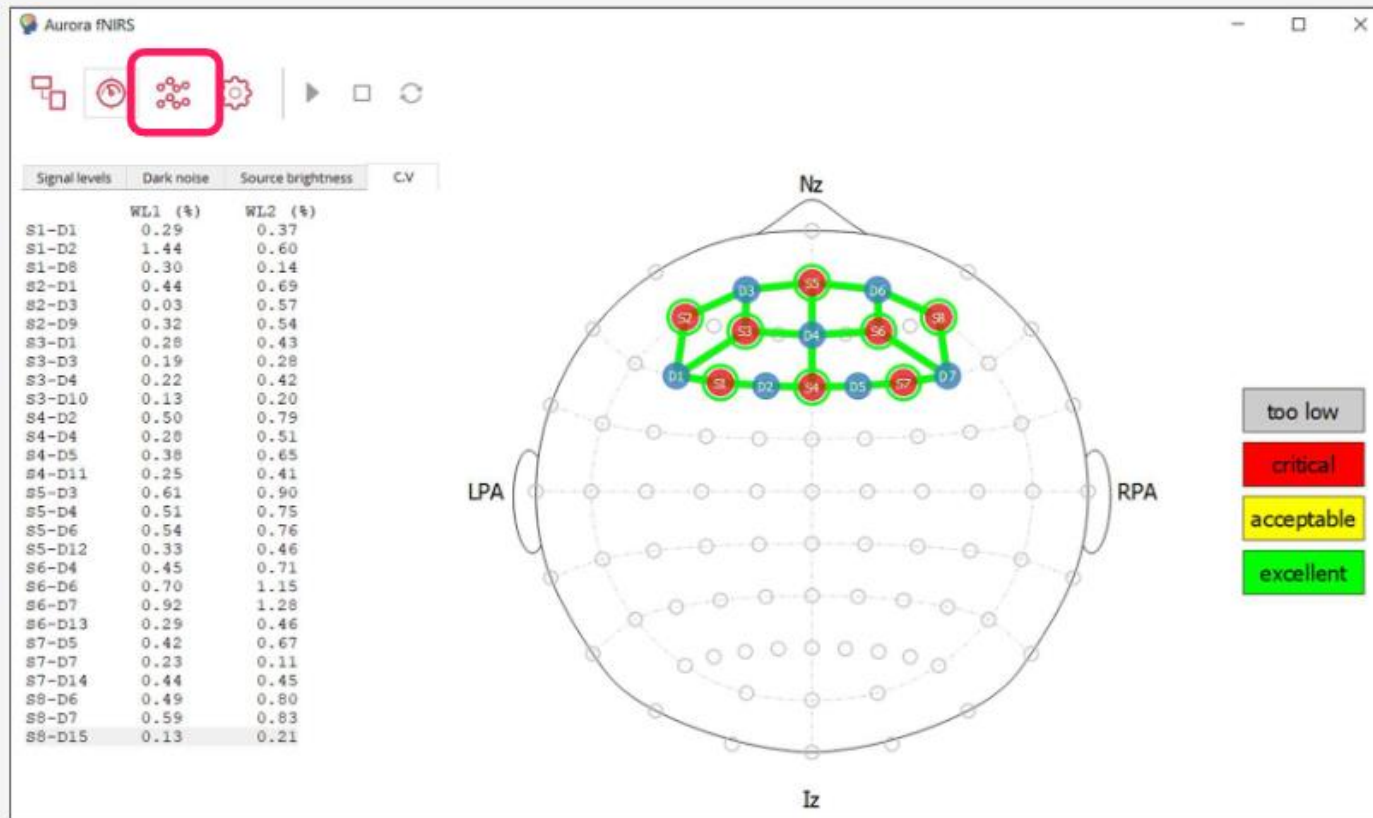


VELCRO Straps



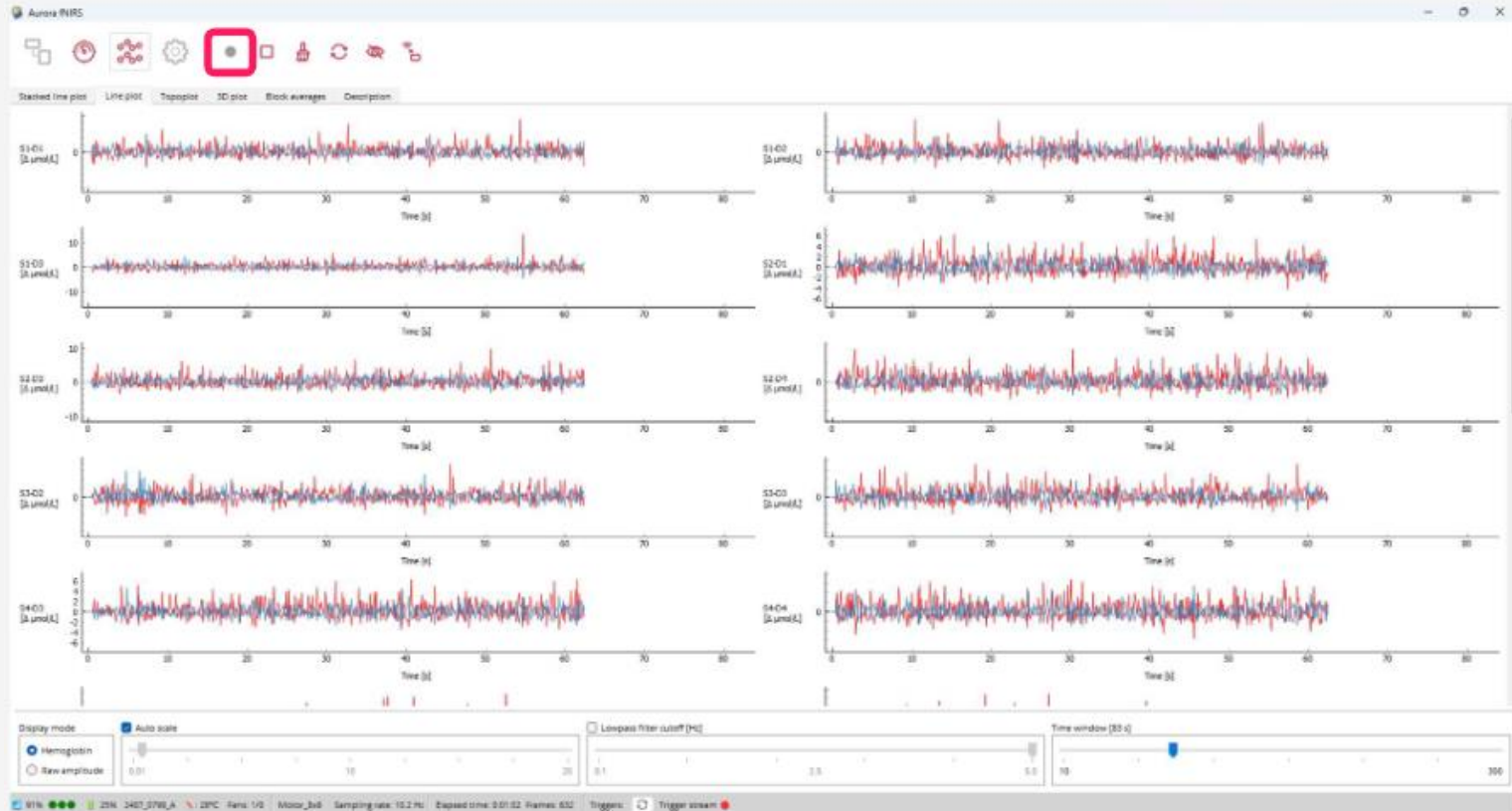
Recording

NIRx



Recording

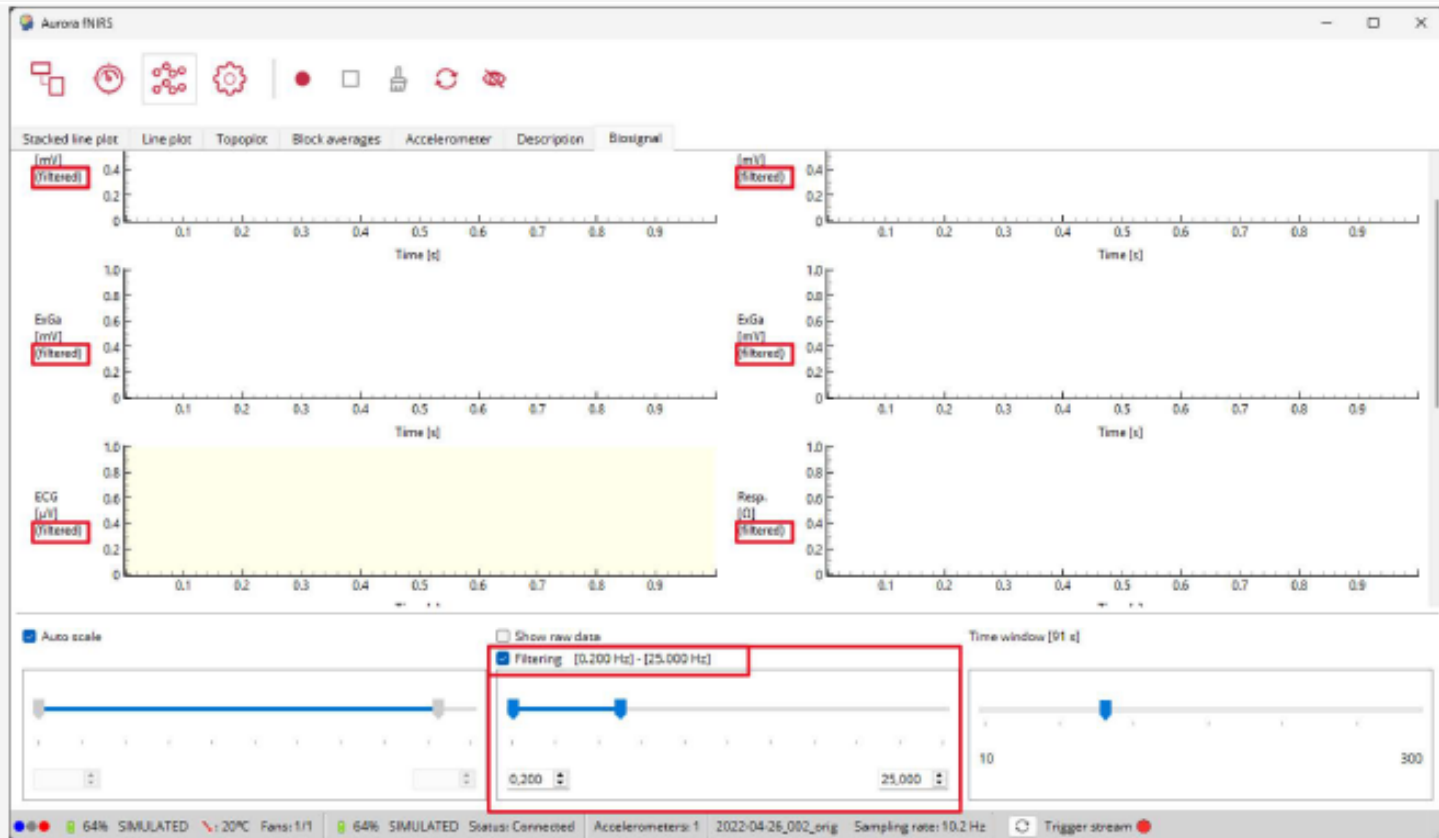
NIRx



Data acquisition

Recording

NIRx

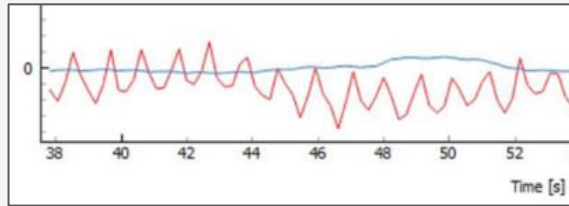


Data acquisition

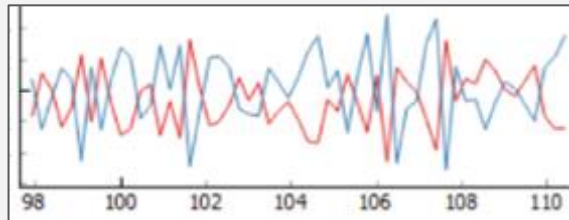
Visually Assessing Signal Quality

Check for Cardiac (~ 1 Hz)
and Respiration (~ 0.25 Hz)

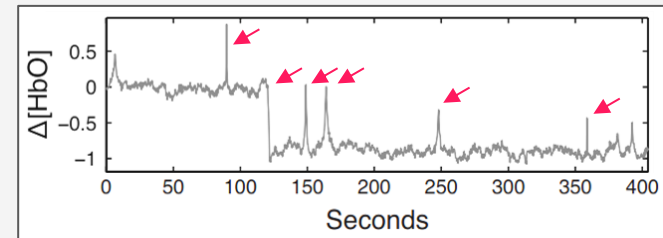
Good



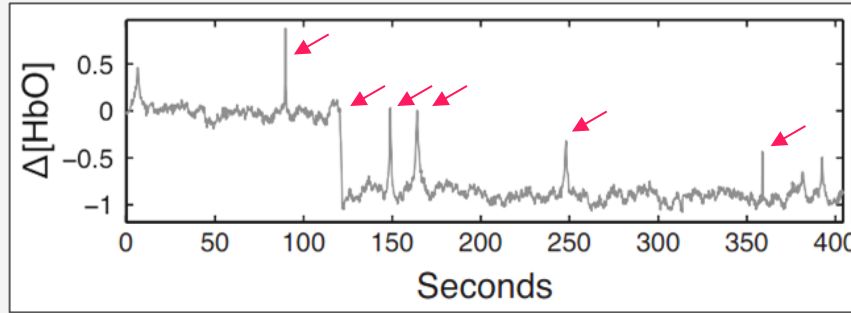
Bad



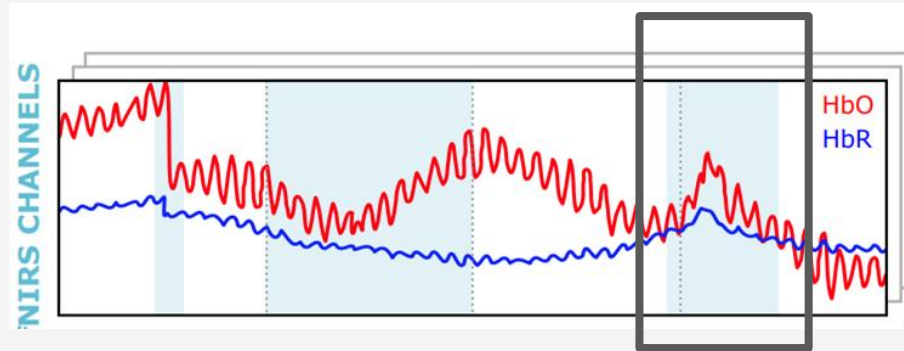
Check for Rapid, Large
Amplitude Motion Artifacts



Direct Motion Artefacts



Indirect motion artefacts



Videos

- [**Optimizing Signal Quality](#)
- [Signal Quality Presentation by Dr. Pollonini](#)

Signal Quality Assessment Tools

- <https://github.com/lpollonini/qt-nirs>
- <https://github.com/lpollonini/phoebe>

Guides

- [NIRSport2 User Guide](#)
- [NIRSport2 Static Phantom Testing](#)
- [Aurora User Guides](#)
- [NIRx Signal Quality Assessment Guide](#)

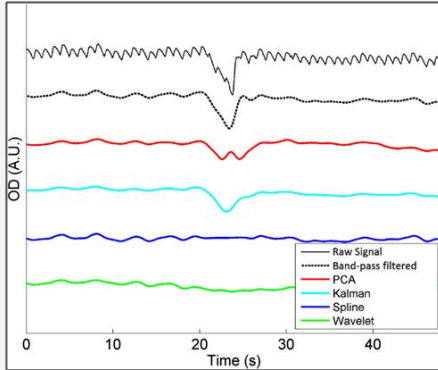


Extra/Optional Slides and Notes

Two Paths

Preprocessing

Analysis



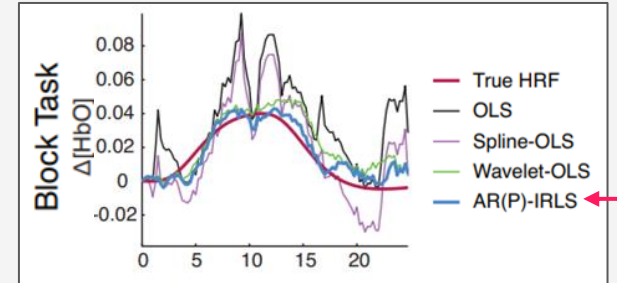
Cooper et al., 2012

- [TDDR](#)
- [PCA](#)
- [spline](#)
- [wavelet](#)
- [Kalman](#)
- [TARA](#)
- ...

Partially Compared in

- [Cooper et al., 2012](#)
- [Brigadoi et al. 2014](#)

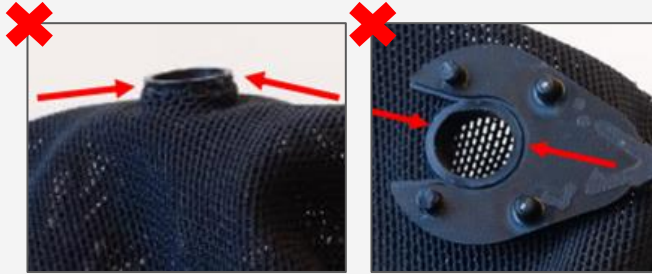
Robust Regression



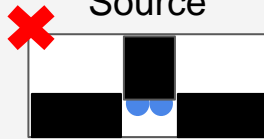
Barker, et al. 2013

Short Distance Detector Checks

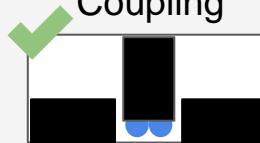
Prevent fabric from getting caught to avoid grommet distortion



Recessed Source



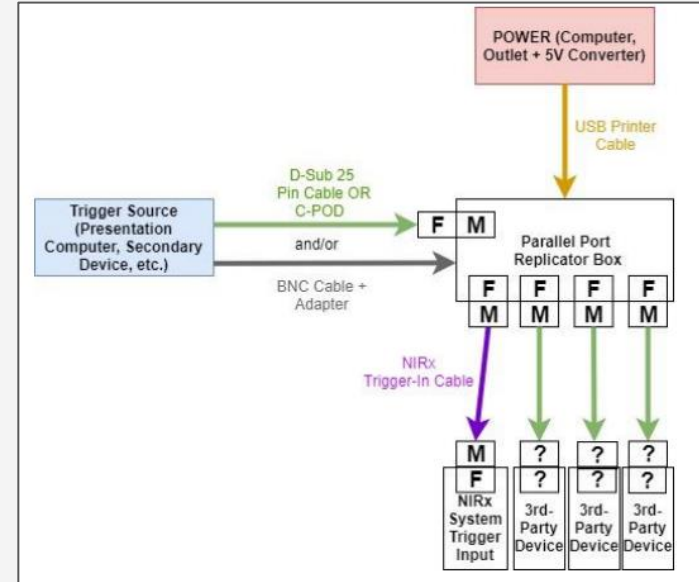
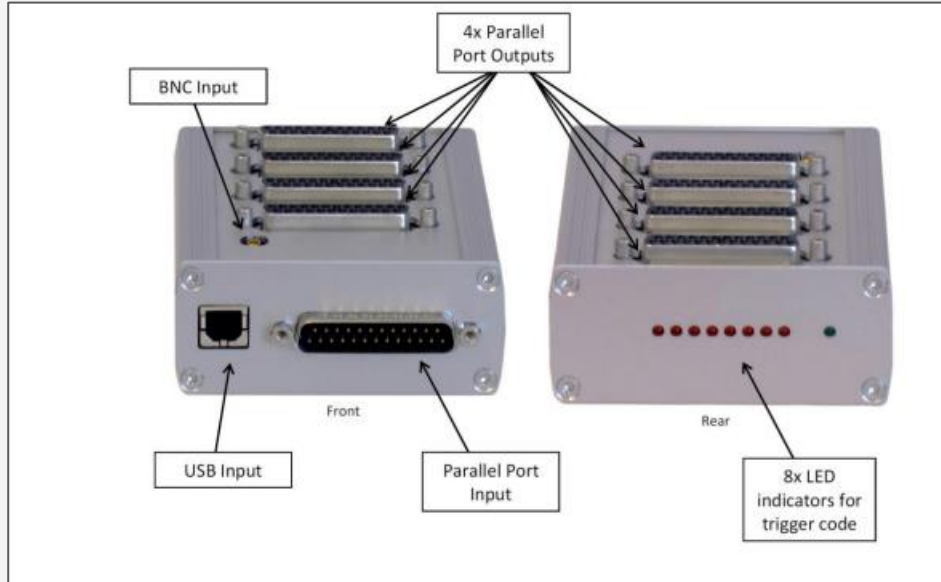
Ideal for Coupling



Route the fiber cables to avoid decoupling optodes from the scalp



Sending Wired Triggers to multiple devices

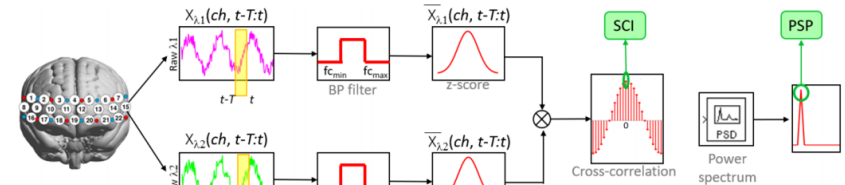


Additional Signal Quality Metrics

Metric	Formula	Rationale	Goal	Category
SNR	$10 \log_{10} \left(\frac{\sigma_{\text{after}}^2}{\sigma_{\text{before}}^2} \right) - 10 \log_{10} \left(\frac{\sigma_{\text{before}}^2}{\sigma_{\text{rest}}^2} \right)$	Quantification of the difference before and after the artifact removal (Siddiqui et al., 2018)	Motion artifact correction algorithm	
	$\frac{\sigma_{\text{Task}}^2 - \sigma_{\text{Rest}}^2}{\sigma_{\text{Rest}}^2}$	Analytical determination of SNR bounds (Aqil & Jeong, 2018)	Real time estimation of brain activity	
CNR	$\frac{\text{mean}(\text{dur}) - \text{mean}(\text{pre})}{\sqrt{\text{std}(\text{dur})^2 + \text{std}(\text{pre})^2} + \lambda}$	To quantify the effects of spatial eigenfiltering (Zheng, Brooks, et al. 2005)	Physiological interference reduction	Pre-GLM analysis
	$\frac{\text{mean}(\text{Task}) - \text{mean}(\text{Baseline})}{\sqrt{\text{var}(\text{Task}) + \text{var}(\text{Baseline})}}$	Difference in amplitude between task and immediate previous baseline (Cui, Bray, & Reiss, 2010)	Signal improvement	
CV	$\frac{\text{sd}(\text{signal})}{\text{mean}(\text{signal})} \times 100$	Metric for signal quality control (Hocke et al., 2018; Zimeo Morais et al., 2017)	Signal processing pipelines assessment	
QI	% of time where NIRS and EKG signals reach statistically significant coherence	To quantify periods of high quality in fNIRS signals during continuous long-term monitoring (Govindan, Massaro, & du Plessis, 2018)	Improvement on fNIRS-based cerebral pressure autoregulation in newborns	Pre-GLM analysis, cardiac information
CSNR	$\log \left(\frac{\text{Power}(\text{Cardiac}_{[0.8-1.67]})}{\text{Power}(\text{Noise}_{[5-20]})} \right)$	Ratio of the power in cardiac pulsation band (0.8-1.67 Hz) over the power in the high freq. band (5-20 Hz) (Yücel, Selb, Boas, Cash, & Cooper, 2014)	Optical fiber tips design and coupling	
MSE	$\text{MSE}(\text{HRF}_{\text{true}}, \text{HRF}_{\text{corrected}})$	Targeted PCA based correction (Yücel, Selb, Cooper, & Boas, 2014)	Motion artifact correction algorithm	Post-GLM analysis
SNR	$\frac{\beta}{\sigma_{\text{rest}}}$	The beta value after GLM analysis divided by the standard deviation of optical densities during rest (Chiarelli, MacIain, Fabiani, & Gratton, 2015)	Motion artifact correction algorithm	

SNR: Signal-to-noise ratio, CNR: contrast-to-noise ratio, CV: Coefficient of variation, QI: Quality index, CSNR: Cardiac signal-to-noise ratio, MSE: mean-squared error

- Scalp Coupling Index (SCI) and Peak Spectral Power (PSP) have fixed ranges that are independent of sampling frequency of the signal



Luca Pollonini - SfNIRS Educational Tutorial - June 28th, 2021

<https://fnirs.org/events/educational-tutorials/>



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Hair prevents good optical contact

APD detectors

Source of Error	
*NIRScout Only	
NIRScap	Hair prevents good optical contact
	NIRScap setup sub-optimal
	Probes incorrectly placed according to montage
	Interoptode distance too long
	Environmental light interference
Optodes	Skull Thickness
	Optode bundle(s) not fully secured to system
	Optode bundles plugged in device in wrong order
	Optode(s) broken
Device	Device not turned on*
	Hardware specification improperly declared*
	Detector type not declared properly
	USB connection

